Year 1 teaching overview

Autumn	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Times		Count in	10's in ord	ler up to 120).	Count in 2's up to 24 – link to even numbers and doubles.							
tables/counting				•		Addition and Subtraction (within 10) Geometry Shape							
White Rose	Step 1 Sort Step 2 Cour Step 3 Cour Step 4 Repr Step 5 Reco Step 6 Cour Step 7 1 mo Step 8 Cour Small steps Step 9 1 les Step 10 Cor Step 11 Few Step 12 Less Step 12 Cor Step 14 Ord	objects nt objects nt objects f resent objec ognise num nt on from ore nt backwar s s mpare grou ver, more, s s than, gre npare num der objects	cts bers as wor any numbe rds within 1 ups by matc same ater than, e bers and numbe	ds ds or O hing qual to		Step 1 Introde Step 2 Part-w Step 3 Write Step 4 Fact fo Step 5 Numbe Step 6 Systen Step 7 Numbe Step 8 Additi Step 9 Additi Step 10 Additi Step 11 Find o Step 12 Subtr Step 13 Fact f Step 14 Subtr Step 15 Take	Geometry Shape Step 1 Recognise and name 3-D shapes Step 2 Sort 3-D shapes Step 3 Recognise and name 2-D shapes Step 4 Sort 2-D shapes Step 5 Patterns with 2-D and 3-D shapes						
National Curriculum links	Step 15 The number line Count to ten, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to 10 in numerals and words. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.					Step 16 Subtraction on a number line Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 10. Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. Add and subtract one digit numbers to 10, including zero. Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and missing number problems.						Recognise and name common 2-D shapes, including: (e.g. rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles). Recognise and name common 3-D shapes, including: (e.g. cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres).	
Spring	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Times			<u> </u>			1			1.1.1.5		.,	<u> </u>	
tables/counting	Continue to develop fluency of counting in 2's and 10's.					Counting in 5's up to 60 – link to knowledge of counting in 10's.							
White Rose	Step 1 Count within 20 Step 2 Understand 10 Step 3 Understand 11, 12 and 13 Step 4 Understand 14, 15 and 16 Step 5 Understand 17, 18 and 19 Step 6 Understand 20 Step 6 St			Step 1 Add b Step 2 Add o Step 3 Find o Step 4 Doub Step 5 Near Step 6 Subtr	ddition and Subtraction (within 20) tep 1 Add by counting on within 20 tep 2 Add ones using number bonds tep 3 Find and make number bonds to 20 tep 4 Doubles tep 5 Near doubles tep 6 Subtract ones using number bonds tep 7 Subtraction – counting back		Step 1 Count from 20 to 50 Step 2 20, 30, 40 and 50 Step 3 Count by making groups of tens Step 1 Conheights Step 2 Medobjects			nts Measure mo 2 Measure length using Step 3 Com Step 4 Full 3 Measure length in Step 5 Com		er and lighter Step 2 s are mass	

National	Step 9 Use a number line to 20 Step 10 Estimate on a number line to 20 Step 11 Compare numbers to 20 Step 12 Order numbers to 20				tep 9 Related facts tep 10 Missing number problems		Step 5 Partition into tens and ones Step 6 The number line to 50 Step 7 Estimate on a number line to 50 Step 8 1 more, 1 less Count to 50 forwards and		Measurement: Le	ogth	Measure and	hagin to record
Curriculum links	Count to twenty, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to 20 in numerals and words. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.			Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20. Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero. Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7=9.			Count to 50 forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any number. Count, read and write numbers to 50 in numerals. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens.		Measurement: Length and Height Measure and begin to record lengths and heights. Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half).		Measure and begin to record mass/weight, capacity and volume. Compare, describe and solve practical problems for mass/weight:[for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]; capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter].	
Summer	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Times tables/counting	Count in 2	's, 5's, 10'	s with gro	wing fluencı	J.		Count in 2's	s, 5's, 10's flı	ıently.			
White Rose	Multiplication and Division Step 1 Count in 2s Step 2 Count in 10s Step 3 Count in 5s Step 4 Recognise equal groups Step 5 Add equal groups Step 6 Make arrays Step 7 Make doubles Step 8 Make equal groups - grouping		Step 1 Recognise a half of an object or a shape Step 2 Find a half of an object or a shape Step 3 Recognise a half of a quantity Step 4 Find a half of a quantity Step 5 Recognise a quarter of an object or a shape Step 6 Find a quarter of an object or a shape Step 7 Recognise a quarter of a quantity Step 8 Find a quarter of a quantity Step 8 Find a quarter of a quantity		Geometry Position and direction Step 1 Describe turns Step 2 Describe position - left and right Step 3 Describe position - forwards and backwards Step 4 Describe position - above and below	Place Value (within 100) Step 1 Count from 50 to 100 Step 2 Tens to 100 Step 3 Partition into tens and ones Step 4 The number line to 100 Step 5 1 more, 1 less Step 6 Compare numbers with the same number of tens Step 7 Compare any two numbers		Measurement Money Step 1 Unitising Step 2 Recognise coins Step 3 Recognise notes Step 4 Count in coins	Time Step 1 Before and after Step 2 Days of the week Step 3 Months of the year Step 4 Hours, minutes and seconds Step 5 Tell the time to the hour Step 6 Tell the time to the half hour		Consolidation	

National Curriculum links	Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. Solve one step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.	Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]; capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter].	Step 5 Ordinal numbers Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three quarter turns	Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. Given a number, identify one more and one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than, most, least.	Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.	Sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening. Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years. Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. Compare, describe and solve practical problems for time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later].	
		icos trait, radj, radj jan, quarter j.				Measure and begin to record time (hours, minutes, seconds).	